1st wreath

School: Erythres Gymnasium Village of Erythres, Greece

List of plants

Base of the wreath: Olea europaea (Elia – Ελιά)

- Malva sylvestris (Molocha Μολόχα)
- Syringa vulgaris (Paschalia Πασχαλιά)
- Papaver rhoeas (Paparouna Παπαρούνα)
- Chrysanthemum segetum (Xrysanthemo Χρυσάνθεμο)
- Lavandula stoechas (Levanta Λεβάντα)
- Ocimum basilicum (Vasilikos Βασιλικός)
- Ranunculus ficaria (Lazaraki Λαζαράκι)
- Anthemis peregrina guicciardii (Margarita Μαργαρίτα)

I selected these plants because they grow in the area that I live, this time of year. Olea europaea, the olive tree, is the one used for the Olympic wreaths in ancient Greece, so this plant was chosen as the base for my wreath. Olea is very important for us Greeks, as we use olive oil every day in our cooking. We also use it as medicine for burns and muscle aches. Malva sylvestris, lavandula stoechas and ocimum basilicum were chosen for their unique aromas and their medicinal use. I wanted to produce an aromatic wreath, with a special meaning. Lavandula and ocimum are widely used in our village in cooking and as herbal teas. Ranunculus and chrysanthemum were chosen for their beautiful yellow and orange colors, and papaver for its red color, which is dominant this time of year in our fields. Anthemis peregrina guicciardi is one of the 900 endemic plants native only to Greece and represents the richness, the diversity and the uniqueness of my country's flora. It is well-known that Greece hosts almost ¼ of the European flora. Many of these plants are under threat, mainly due to human activities. So, Anthemis is one of the species in need of conservation.